

# Panasonic ideas for life

## 2a2b/3a1b/4a 4A polarized power relay

## **S RELAYS**



**FEATURES** 

shock

shock.

1. Compact with high sensitivity

The high-efficiency polarized

with high-sensitivity in a small package, a relay that can be directly

controlled by a driver chip.

electromagnetic circuits of the 4-gap

balanced armature and our exclusive

spring alignment method achieves,

2. Strong resistance to vibration and

Use of 4G-BA technology realizes

strong resistance to vibration and

### 3. High reliability and long life

Our application of 4G-BA technology, along with almost perfectly complete twin contact, ensures minimal contact bounce and high reliability.

## 4. Ability to provide wide-ranging control

Use of 4G-BA technology with gold-clad silver alloy contacts in a twin contact structure enables control across a broad range from microcurrents of 100  $\mu$ A 100 mV DC to 4 A 250 V AC.

#### 5. Latching types available

With 4G-BA technology, as well as single side stable types, convenient 2 coil latching types for circuit memory applications are also available.

## 6. Wide variety of contact formations available

The compact size of the 4G-BA mechanism enables the provision of many kinds of package, including 2a2b, 3a1b, and 4a. These meet your needs across a broad range of applications.

#### Low thermal electromotive force relay

High sensitivity (low power consumption) is realized by 4G-BA technology. Separation of the coil and spring sections has resulted in a relay with extremely low levels of thermal electromotive force (approx.  $0.3 \mu V$ ).

#### 8. DIL terminal array

Deployed to fit a 2.54 mm .100 inch grid, the terminals are presented in DIL arrays which match the printed circuit board terminal patterns commonly in international use.

## 9. Relays that push the boundaries of relay efficiency

High-density S relays take you close to the limits of relay efficiency.

10.Sockets are available.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Telecommunications equipment, data processing equipment, facsimiles, alarm equipment, measuring equipment.

#### 4-GAP BALANCED ARMATURE MECHANISM

## 1. Armature mechanism has excellent resistance to vibration and shock

The armature structure enables free rotation around the armature center of gravity. Because the mass is maintained in balance at the fulcrum of the axis of rotation, large rotational forces do not occur even if acceleration is applied along any vector. The mechanism has proven to have excellent resistance to vibration and shock. All our S relays are based on this balanced armature mechanism, which is able to further provide many other characteristics.

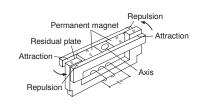
## 2. High sensitivity and reliability provided by 4-gap balanced armature mechanism

As a (polarized) balanced armature, the S relay armature itself has two permanent magnets. Presenting four interfaces, the armature has a 4-gap structure. As a result, the rotational axis at either end of the armature is symmetrical and, in an energized into a polarized state, the twin magnetic armature interfaces are subject to repulsion on one side and attraction on the other. This mechanism, exclusive to

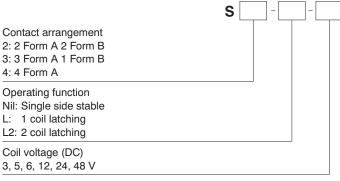
Panasonic Electric Works, provides a highly efficient polarized magnetic circuit structure that is both highly sensitive and has a small form factor. Moreover, suitability for provision with many types of contact array and other advantages promise to make it possible to provide many of the various characteristics that are coming to be demanded of relays.

#### HOW IT WORKS (single side stable type)

- 1) When current is passed through the coil, the yoke becomes magnetic and polarized.
- 2) At either pole of the armature, repulsion on one side and attraction on the other side is caused by the interaction of the poles and the permanent magnets of the armature.
- 3) At this time, opening and closing operates owing to the action of the simultaneously moulded balanced armature mechanism, so that when the force of the contact breaker spring closes the contact on one side, on the other side, the balanced armature opens the contact (2a2b).



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**



Note: UL/CSA approved type is standard.

#### **TYPES**

Contact arrangement	Naminal sail valtage	Single side stable	1 coil latching	2 coil latching
Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	Part No.	Part No.
	3V DC	S2-3V	S2-L-3V	S2-L2-3V
	5V DC	S2-5V	S2-L-5V	S2-L2-5V
2 Form A 2 Form B	6V DC	S2-6V	S2-L-6V	S2-L2-6V
2 FOIIII A 2 FOIIII B	12V DC	S2-12V	S2-L-12V	S2-L2-12V
	24V DC	S2-24V	S2-L-24V	S2-L2-24V
	48V DC	S2-48V	S2-L-48V	S2-L2-48V
	3V DC	S3-3V	S3-L-3V	S3-L2-3V
	5V DC	S3-5V	S3-L-5V	S3-L2-5V
3 Form A 1 Form B	6V DC	S3-6V	S3-L-6V	S3-L2-6V
3 FOIIII A I FOIIII B	12V DC	S3-12V	S3-L-12V	S3-L2-12V
	24V DC	S3-24V	S3-L-24V	S3-L2-24V
	48V DC	S3-48V	S3-L-48V	S3-L2-48V
	3V DC	S4-3V	S4-L-3V	S4-L2-3V
	5V DC	S4-5V	S4-L-5V	S4-L2-5V
4 Form A	6V DC	S4-6V	S4-L-6V	S4-L2-6V
	12V DC	S4-12V	S4-L-12V	S4-L2-12V
	24V DC	S4-24V	S4-L-24V	S4-L2-24V
	48V DC	S4-48V	S4-L2-48V	S4-L2-48V

Standard packing: Tube: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

#### **RATING**

#### 1. Coil data

#### 1) Single side stable

Туре	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Coil inductance	Max. allowable voltage (at 40°C 104°F)	
	3V DC   5V DC   70%V or less of nominal voltage (Initial)				66.7mA	45Ω	200mW	Approx. 23mH	5.5V DC
		70%V or less	70%V or less of nominal 10%V or more of nominal	38.5mA	130Ω	192mW	Approx. 65mH	9.0V DC	
Ctondord				33.3mA	180Ω	200mW	Approx. 93mH	11.0V DC	
Standard			voltage	16.7mA	720Ω	200mW	Approx. 370mH	22.0V DC	
		V DC (Initial) (Initial) 8.4mA	8.4mA	2,850Ω	202mW	Approx. 1,427mH	44.0V DC		
48V DC	48V DC			5.6mA	8,500Ω	271mW	Approx. 3,410mH	75.0V DC	

#### 2) 1 coil latching

Туре	Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Coil inductance	Max. allowable voltage (at 40°C 104°F)	
	3V DC	70%V or less			33mA	90Ω	99mW	Approx. 0.04mH	8.4V DC
	5V DC		10%V or more of nominal	16mA	300Ω	80mW	Approx. 0.14mH	15.3V DC	
Standard	6V DC			16mA	360Ω	96mW	Approx. 0.14mH	16.8V DC	
Siandard	12V DC	voltage	voltage	8mA	1450Ω	96mW	Approx. 0.6mH	33.7V DC	
	24V DC	(Initial)	(Initial)	4mA	5,700Ω	96mW	Approx. 2.05mH	66.7V DC	
	48V DC			3mA	16,000Ω	144mW	Approx. 8.9mH	111V DC	

#### 3) 2 coil latching

Type Nominal coil					Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)		Nominal operating power (at 20°C 68°F)		Coil inductance		Max. allowable voltage		
	voltage	(at 20°C 68°F)	(at 20°C 68°F)	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	Set coil	Reset coil	(at 40°C 104°F)	
	3V DC 5V DC	70%V or less of nominal			66.7mA	66.7mA	45Ω	45Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 10mH	Approx. 10mH	5.5V DC
				38.5mA	38.5mA	130Ω	130Ω	192mW	192mW	Approx. 31mH	Approx. 31mH	9.0V DC	
6V DC	6V DC		33.7mA	33.7mA	180Ω	180Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 40mH	Approx. 40mH	11.0V DC		
Staridard	Standard 12V DC	voltage (Initial)	voltage (Initial)	16.7mA	16.7mA	720Ω	720Ω	200mW	200mW	Approx. 170mH	Approx. 170mH	22.0V DC	
	24V DC			8.4mA	8.4mA	2,850Ω	2,850Ω	202mW	202mW	Approx. 680mH	Approx. 680mH	44.0V DC	
	48V DC			7.4mA	7.4mA	6,500Ω	6,500Ω	355mW	355mW	Approx. 1,250mH	Approx. 1,250mH	65.0V DC	

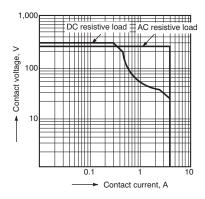
#### 2. Specifications

Characteristics		Item	Specifications			
	Arrangement		2 Form A 2 Form B, 3 Form A 1 Form B, 4 Form A			
	Initial contact resistance, max.		Max. 50 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)			
Contact	Electrostatic capacitance (initial)		Approx. 3pF			
Contact	Contact material		Au clad Ag alloy (Cd free)			
	Thermal electromotive (initial)	ve force (at nominal coil voltage)	Approx. 3μV			
	Nominal switching ca	apacity (resistive load)	4 A 250 V AC, 3 A 30 V DC			
	Max. switching powe	r (resistive load)	1,000 VA, 90 W			
	Max. switching voltage	ge	250 V AC, 48 V DC (30 to 48 V DC at less than 0.5 A)			
Rating	Max. switching curre	nt	4 A (AC), 3 A (DC)			
	Minimum operating p	oower	100 mW (Single side stable, latching)			
	Nominal operating po	ower	200 mW (Single side stable, latching)			
	Min. switching capac	city (Reference value)*1	100μA 100 m V DC			
	Insulation resistance	(Initial)	Min. 10,000MΩ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.			
	Breakdown voltage (Initial)	Between open contacts	750 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)			
		Between contact sets	1,000 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)			
Electrical		Between contact and coil	1,500 Vrms for 1min. (Detection current: 10mA.)			
characteristics	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 35°C (By resistive method, nominal voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 4A.)			
	Operate time [Set tim	ne] (at 20°C 68°F)	Max. 15 ms [15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)			
	Release time [Reset time] (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 10 ms [15 ms] (Nominal voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode)			
	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 490 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs.)			
/lechanical	Shock resistance	Destructive	Min. 980 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 6 ms.)			
characteristics	\/ibration registeres	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm (Detection time: 10μs.)			
	Vibration resistance Destructive		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 4 mm			
	Mechanical		Min. 108 (at 50 cps)			
expected life	Electrical		Min. 10 <sup>5</sup> (4 A 250 V AC), Min. 2×10 <sup>5</sup> (3 A 30 V DC) (at 20 cpm)			
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage <sup>-2</sup>		Ambient temperature: -55°C to +65°C -67°F to +149°F Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
	Max. operating spee		20 cpm for maximum load, 50 cps for low-level load (1 mA 1 V DC)			
Unit weight			Approx. 8 g .28 oz			

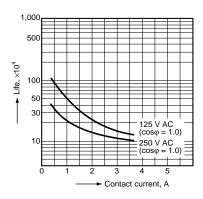
This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
 Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT section in Relay Technical Information.

#### REFERENCE DATA

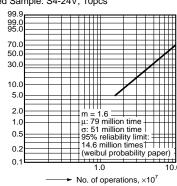
#### 1. Maximum switching power



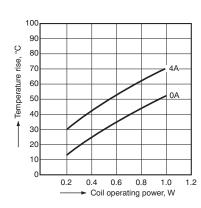
2. Life curve



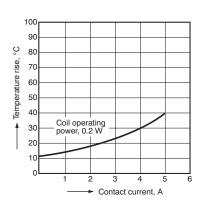
3. Contact reliability Condition: 1V DC, 1mA Detection level 10  $\Omega$  Tasted Sample: S4-24V, 10pcs



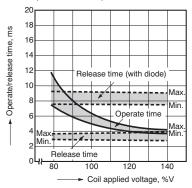
4.-(1) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4-24V, 4 Form A



4.-(2) Coil temperature rise Tested Sample: S4-24V, 4 Form A



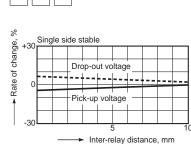
 Operate and release time (Single side stable type)
 Tested Sample: S4-24V, 10pcs



6. Influence of adjacent mounting

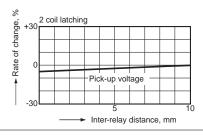
(2) (3)

(1)

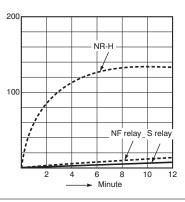


(1) & (3) relays

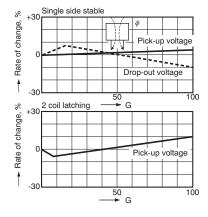
Note: When installing an S-relay near another, and there is no effect from an external magnetic field, be sure to leave at least 10 mm .394 inch between relays in order to achieve the performance listed in the catalog.

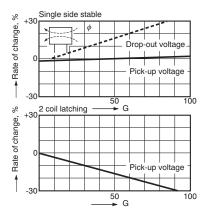


7. Thermal electromotive force



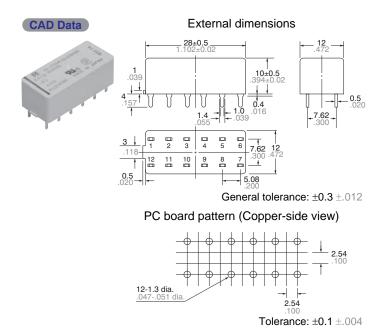
#### 8. Effect from an external magnetic field



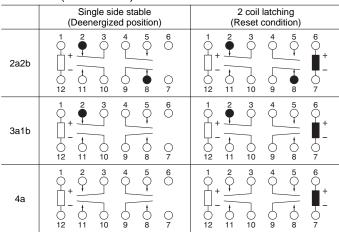


#### **DIMENSIONS**(mm inch)

Download **CAD Data** from our Web site.



### Schematic (Bottom view)

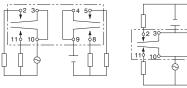


#### **SAFETY STANDARDS**

	UL/C-UL (Recognized)	CSA (Certified)		
File No.	Contact rating	File No.	Contact rating	
E43028	4A 250V AC, 1/20HP 125V AC (FLA1.5A) 1/20HP 250V AC (FLA0.75A), 3A 30V DC	LR26550 etc.	4A 250V AC, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>20</sub> HP 125V AC, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>20</sub> HP 250V AC 3A 30V DC	

#### **NOTES**

1. Based on regulations regarding insulation distance, there is a restriction on same-channel load connections between terminals No. 2, 3 and 4, 5, as well as between No. 8, 9 and 10, 11. See the figure below for an example.



- Between 2, 3 and 4, 5: different channels, therefore not possible Between 10, 11 and 8, 9: different channels, therefore not possible

No good

- same channels, therefore possible Between 10, 11 and 8, 9:
  - same channels, therefore possible Good

2. Please note that when this relay (1 Form A 1 Form B types) operates and releases, contacts a and b may go ON at the same time.

For Cautions for Use, see Relay Technical Information.



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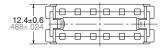
#### **ACCESSORIES**

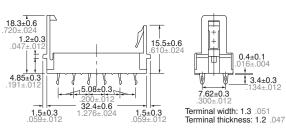
## S RELAYS SOCKET



### **DIMENSIONS** (Unit: mm inch)

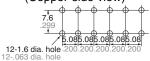
External dimensions





General tolerance: ±0.3 ±.012

PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance: ±0.1 ±.004

S-PS

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Maximum continuous current	4 A  Note: Don't insert or remove relays while in the energized condition.
Breakdown voltage	1,500 Vrms between terminals
Insulation resistance	More than 100 MΩ between terminals at 500 V DC Mega
Heat resistance	150 ±3°C (302 ±5.4°F) for 1 hour.

#### Inserting and removing method

Inserting method: Insert the relay as shown in Fig. 1 unit the rib of the relay snaps into the clip of the socket.

#### Removing method:

- (1) Remove the relay straight from the socket holding the shaded portion of the relay as shown in Fig. 2.
- (2) When sockets are mounted in close proximity, use a slotted screw driver as shown in Fig. 3.

